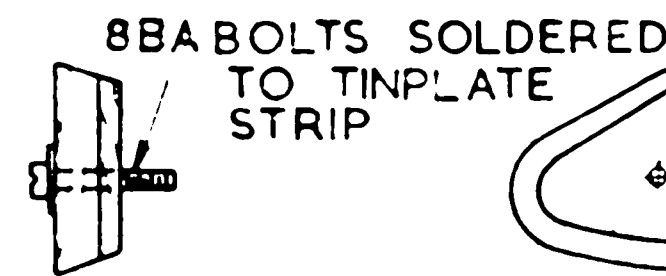


ENGINE RADIAL MOUNTED
5 DIESEL
FROG 50 RECOMMENDED



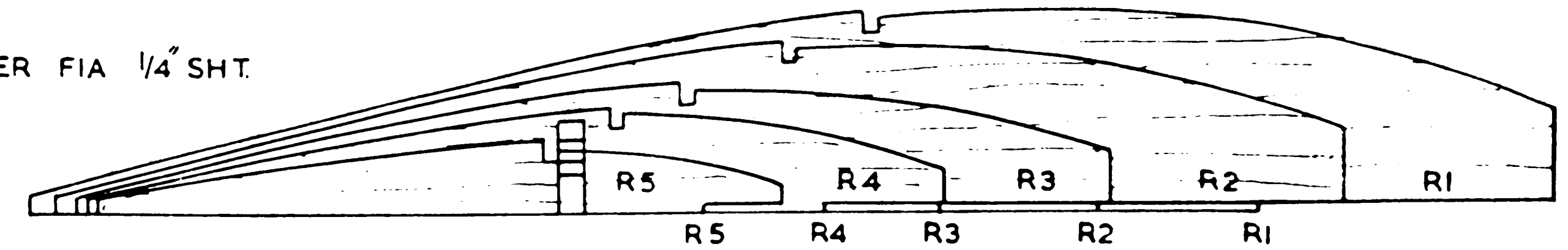
FORMER FIA HAS ENGINE BOLTS
FIRMLY FIXED BEFORE
CEMENTING TO FI

1/8" SHT.
GUSSETS

FORMER FI 1/8" PLY

FORMER FIA 1/4" SHT.

FI
FIA



CUT AWAY LE
TO SUIT TANK



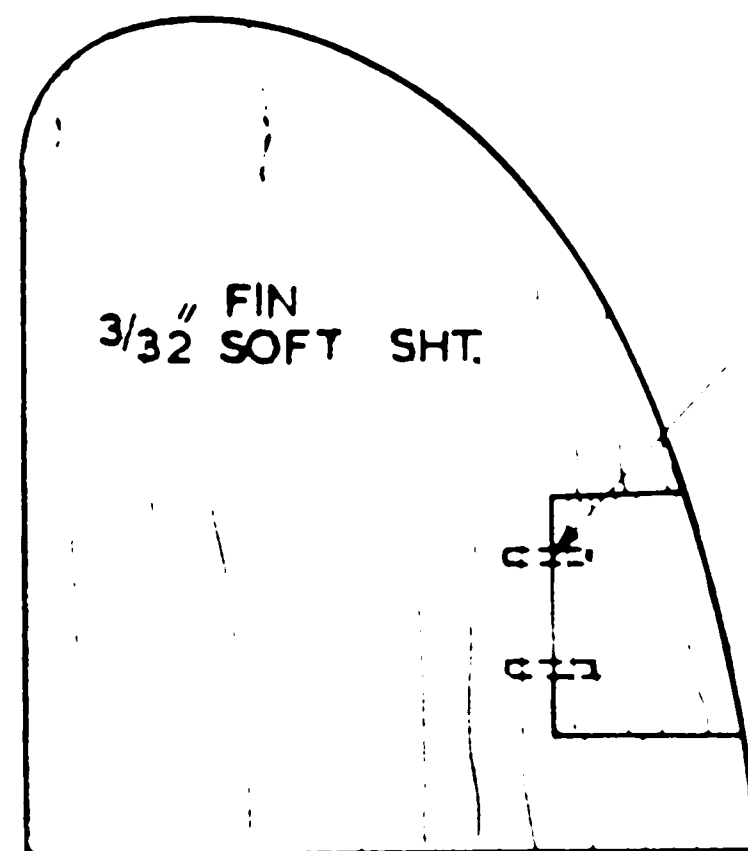
RIBS R1-R9 1/8" SHT. R10 1/16" SHT.

RIBS R8 & R9 MADE
BY SANDWICHING TWO
PIECES OF 1/8 Balsa
BETWEEN R6 & R10
AND CUT TO SHAPE

CHAMFER AT END TO
SUIT SWEEP BACK

MAIN SPAR MI 3/16" HARD SHT.

LE FROM 1/4" SHT



HINGES FROM
ALI SHEET

1/16" SHT
GUSSETS

TOP SPAR.
1/8" SQ.

COVER C S
TOP AND
BOTTOM WITH
1/16" SHT

MI

COVER TOP SURFACE
WITH 1/16" SHT. FROM
LE TO TOP SPAR
COVER BOTTOM
SURFACE TO DOTTED LINE

**WASHBOARD
DELTA**

M.A. C.E. READ
287 SPAN 31" LENGTH 19" 3/16"
COPYRIGHT MODEL AIRCRAFT
19-20 NOEL ST. LONDON W1

1/16" SHT GUSSETS

1/2" SOFT SHT
TIPS

TE RAISED 3/16"



LOWER FIN
1/16" SHT. 2 OFF
GLUE TO R5

TENSION ELEVONS DOWN
WITH RUBBER BAND

POSITION OF
ADJUSTING SCREW

ALI
HINGES

TE 3/4" x 3/16"

ELEVON FROM 1/16" SHT

BOLT SECURED WITH THREAD
AND CEMENTED

RIB

1/4" SQ

8 BA BOLT

NUT SOLDERED TO
BOLT

1/4" SQ

ELEVON

5" DIHEDRAL
AT TIPS
C.S. FLAT

1/8" SQ
BOTTOM
ONLY

FIN
SLOTTED IN
& CEMENTED

SPACE FOR
UNDER FIN

R1

R2

R3

R4

R5

R6

R7

R8

R9

R10

WASHBOARD

A free flight delta sportster design for 0.5 c.c. motors

by
**COLIN
READ**



Designer Read proudly displays his original model—also shown in the two views below.

THIS model was designed early in 1955 after a series of delta wing models had been built to develop a design capable of stable flights even in rough weather conditions. To make *Washboard* stable, sharply upswept wing tips are used, together with a staggered dihedral break to provide the necessary washout; the airfoil section is a normal flat bottom one, but using an inverted trailing edge to give a reflex section.

Construction is commenced by

laying flat on the building board the $\frac{1}{4}$ in. sheet leading edge, $\frac{3}{16}$ in. main-spar and trailing edge (note the reverse section) then cementing the ribs in place firmly (double cementing is advised throughout). When dry, remove from the building board and add the upper $\frac{1}{8}$ in. sq. spar, then separate the wing tips where shown and cut to fit the main wing, raising

the tips 5 in. When both tips are firmly in place cement the dihedral bracing gussets in position as detailed on the drawing.

Formers 1 and 1A are now added, the whole of the leading edge and front formers then being sanded to shape (before covering with $\frac{1}{16}$ in. sheet), to provide smooth contours as shown. Lastly, the centre section is covered, top and bottom, and the $\frac{1}{2}$ in. sq. wing tips added, after which the whole framework is sanded to a smooth finish.

The elevons, upper and lower fins, cut from $\frac{1}{16}$ in. and $\frac{3}{32}$ in. medium sheet respectively, are covered with tissue (doped on) and cemented in place after the model is covered and doped.

The elevons are fixed in place with pieces of aluminium, and spring loaded with a small rubber band onto the stops which are cemented underneath the wing and elevons.

The engine used on the original was a Frog 50, radial mounted, but any power unit of 0.5 c.c. will provide sufficient power, but an increase in downthrust will be necessary if a more powerful engine is used.

It may be of interest that the original *Washboard*, recovered and redecorated, gained second place in the Unorthodox Section Concours d'Elegance at the 1957 All-Britain Rally; the qualifying flight was 53 seconds.

